Hospital:

Country: New Zealand



First Name	Surname	Contact phone number	Ethnic Status	
			□ European not further defined	
Data of Birth (dd/mm/mag)	O and an		☐ New Zealand European	
Date of Birth (dd/mm/yyyy)	Gender		☐ Other European ☐ Māori ☐ Pacific peoples not further defined	
//	☐ Male☐ Female☐ Intersex or indeterminate		□ Samoan □ Cook Island Māori	
	☐ Not stated / inadequately de	escribed	□ Tongan □ Niuean □ Tokelauan □ Fijian □ Other Pacific Peoples	
Hospital Event Number	Patient's postcode	Email address	☐ Asian not further defined	
			☐ Chinese ☐ Indian ☐ Other Asian ☐ Middle Eastern ☐ Latin American	
National Health Index	Payment status		☐ African ☐ Other ethnicity	
		Overseas / other	☐ Don't know ☐ Refused to answer☐ Response unidentifiable ☐ Not stated	
Admission via ED of operating I		If transferred from anothe	'	
Yes	Ιοσριται		·	
☐ No – transferred from another h	ospital (via ED)	Name of transferring hospital	al.	
□ No – transferred from another h	ospital (direct to ward)	ED/Hospital arrival date/time / / hrs		
□ No – in-patient fall □ Other/not known		(transferring hospital)	Record time using 24hr clock	
ED/Hospital admission (operating hospital)		If an in-patient fracture (ti	me using 24hr clock)	
Admission// hrs			/	
		_		
Departure/// (from ED)	:hrs			
(Record time using 24hr clock		Record time using 24hr clock	
Usual place of residence		Type of ward admitted to		
☐ Private residence including retir	ement village	☐ Hip fracture unit /Orthopa	edic ward / preferred ward	
☐ Residential care facility	-	☐ Outlying ward	oalo mara, protestoa mara	
☐ Other☐ Not known		☐ HDU / CCU / ICU☐ Other / not known		
			r: Nerve block before transfer	
Preadmission walking ability ☐ Usually walks without walking a	ido	□ No	. Nerve block before transfer	
☐ Usually walks with a stick or cru		□ Yes		
☐ Usually walks with two aids or frame		□ Not known		
☐ Not known	□ Usually uses a wheel chair/ bed bound □ Not known		Pain Management	
Note: if a person has different levels of mobility on different surfaces then		□ Analgesia given within 30 minutes of ED presentation		
record the level of most assistance			in 30 minutes after ED presentation already provided by paramedics	
		☐ Analgesia not required –	no pain documented on assessment	
		□ Not known		
Preoperative cognitive assessment	Preadmission cognitive status	Delirium assessment prio	r to surgery	
☐ Not assessed	□ Normal cognition	□ Not assessed		
□ Assessed and normal	☐ Impaired cognition or known	☐ Assessed and not identifi	ed	
☐ Assessed and impaired ☐ Not known	dementia ☐ Not known	☐ Assessed and identified☐ Not known		
Note: cognitive assessment requires use		Note: assessment of delirium require	s use of a validated tool e.g.4AT	
of a validated tool e.g. 4AT	admission	Clinical Frailty Scale – Pre	sinium, Statua	
Bone protection medication at admission		-	□ 7 Severely frail	
□ No bone protection medication□ Yes, calcium and/or vitamin D of	nly	☐ 1 Very fit☐ 2 Well	□ 8 Very severely frail	
☐ Yes, bisphosphonate (oral or IV) denosumab, romosozumab,		□ 3 Well with treated comor□ 4 Vulnerable	bid conditions ☐ 9 Terminally ill ☐ Other validated frailty tool	
vitamin D)	teriparatide, raloxifene or HRT (with or without calcium and/or		□ Not known	
□ Not known		☐ 5 Mildly frail☐ 6 Moderately frail		
Preoperative medical assessment		Side of fracture		
□ No assessment conducted		□ Left		
☐ Geriatrician / geriatric team☐ Physician / physician team☐		□ Right		
□ GP		If bilateral – complete a separate rec	ord for each fracture	
☐ Specialist nurse ☐ Not known				
This is in addition to preoperative anaesthetic and orthopaedic review				
Atypical fracture		Type of fracture		
☐ Not a pathological or atypical fracture		☐ Intracapsular – undisplac	ed / impacted	
□ Pathological fracture		☐ Intracapsular - displaced		
□ Atypical fracture		□ Per / intertrochanteric□ Subtrochanteric		
See data dictionary if uncertain of definitions			Basal/basicervical #s are to be classed as per/intertrochanteric	

Did the patient undergo surgery	Date & time of primary surgery
☐ Yes ☐ No - surgical fixation not clinically indicated ☐ No - patient for palliation ☐ No - other reason	//:hrs Record time using 24hr clock
Reason if delay > 36 hours	ASA Grade
Delayed due to patient deemed medically unfit Delayed due to issues with anticoagulation Delayed due to theatre availability Delayed due to surgeon availability Delayed due to delayed diagnosis of hip fracture Other type of delay (state reason) Not known	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □ unknown
Note: Delay is calculated from time of presentation to ED of the first hospital or diagnosis of hip fracture for those with a fracture from an in-patient fall Anaesthesia	Analgesia (nerve block)
General anaesthetic Spinal anaesthesia General and spinal anaesthesia Other – state Not known	□ Nerve block administered preoperative (before arriving in OT) □ Nerve block administered in OT □ Both □ Neither □ Not known
Consultant present during surgery	Type of operation
□ No □ Yes □ Not known Note: To record yes, consultant must be scrubbed and operating	□ Cannulated screws (e.g. multiple screws) □ Sliding hip screw □ Intramedullary nail − short □ Intramedullary nail − long □ Hemiarthroplasty − stem cemented □ Hemiarthroplasty − stem uncemented □ Total hip replacement − stem cemented □ Total hip replacement − stem uncemented □ Other □ Not known
Postoperative weight bearing status	Clinical malnutrition assessment
□ Unrestricted weight bearing □ Restricted / non weight bearing □ Not known	□ Not done □ Malnourished □ Not malnourished □ Not known
First day walking	New Pressure Injury of the skin
□ No □ Yes □ Not known	□ No □ Yes □ Not known Note: Grade 2 + above during acute admission
Postoperative delirium assessment	Oral nutritional supplements during admission
□ Not assessed □ Assessed and not identified □ Assessed and identified □ Not known Note: assessment of delirium requires use of a validated tool	□ No □ Yes □ Not known
Assessed by geriatrician in acute phase of care	Date initially assessed by geriatrician
□ No □ Yes □ No geriatric medicine service available □ Not known	
Specialist falls assessment	Bone protection medication at discharge from hospital
□ No □ Performed during admission □ Awaits falls clinic assessment □ Further intervention not appropriate □ Not relevant □ Not known	□ No bone protection medication □ Yes, calcium and/or vitamin D only □ Yes, bisphosphonate (oral or IV), denosumab, romosozumab, teriparatide, raloxifene or HRT (with or without calcium and/or vitamin D) □ No but received prescription at separation from hospital □ Not known

Discharge

Date of discharge from acute ward	Discharge destination from acute ward
/	□ Private residence (including retirement village) □ Residential care facility □ Rehabilitation unit - public □ Rehabilitation unit - private □ Other hospital / ward / speciality department □ Deceased □ Short term care in residential care facility (New Zealand only) □ Other □ Not known
Date of final discharge from hospital if known	Discharge destination from hospital if known
	☐ Private residence (including retirement village) ☐ Residential aged care facility ☐ Deceased ☐ Other ☐ Not known

Follow Up 120 days

	120 days		
Follow up date	— — / — — / — — — Note: record date that follow up was completed		
Alive at 120 days	☐ Yes Confirm date of final discharge from hospital system// ☐ No Date of death (if known)//		
Residential status	□ Private residence (including unit in retirement village) □ Residential aged care facility □ Rehabilitation unit - public □ Rehabilitation unit - private □ Other hospital / ward / speciality department □ Deceased □ Other □ Not known		
Walking ability	□ Usually walks without walking aids □ Usually walks with a stick or crutch □ Usually walks with two aids or frame □ Usually uses a wheel chair/ bed bound □ Not known		
Bone protection	□ No bone protection medication □ Yes - Calcium and/or vitamin D only □ Yes - Bisphosphonate (oral or IV), denosumab, romosozumab, teriparatide, raloxifene or HRT (with or without calcium and/or vitamin D) □ Not known		
Re-operation within120 days	□ No reoperation □ Reduction of dislocated prosthesis □ Washout or debridement □ Implant removal □ Revision of internal fixation □ Conversion to Hemiarthroplasty □ Conversion to THR □ Excision arthroplasty □ Revision arthroplasty □ Not relevant □ Not known Note: Most significant procedure only		

	Under each heading, please tick the ONE box that best describes your health TODAY.
	MOBILITY I have no problems in walking about I have slight problems in walking about I have moderate problems in walking about I have severe problems in walking about I have severe problems in walking about I am unable to walk about
	SELF-CARE I have no problems washing or dressing myself I have slight problems washing or dressing myself I have moderate problems washing or dressing myself I have severe problems washing or dressing myself I am unable to wash or dress myself
EQ5D5L	USUAL ACTIVITIES (e.g. work, study, housework, family or leisure activities) □ I have no problems doing my usual activities □ I have slight problems doing my usual activities □ I have moderate problems doing my usual activities □ I have severe problems doing my usual activities □ I am unable to do my usual activities
	PAIN / DISCOMFORT I have no pain or discomfort I have slight pain or discomfort I have moderate pain or discomfort I have severe pain or discomfort I have extreme pain or discomfort
	ANXIETY / DEPRESSION I am not anxious or depressed I am slightly anxious or depressed I am moderately anxious or depressed I am severely anxious or depressed I am extremely anxious or depressed

We would like to know how good or bad your health is TODAY.

This scale is numbered from 0 to 100.

100 means the <u>best</u> health you can imagine.
 0 means the <u>worst</u> health you can imagine.

- . Mark an X on the scale to indicate how your health is TODAY.
- Now, please write the number you marked on the scale in the box below.

YOUR HEALTH TODAY =

